

Assembly
Item 5

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SPECIAL DEBATE

CITIZENSHIP, IDENTITY AND LINGUISTIC AND CULTURAL DIVERSITY IN A GLOBALIZED WORLD

QUEBEC CITY DECLARATION

Amendments to the revised draft declaration submitted before 24 October noon by the delegations of Argentina, France, India, Indonesia, Switzerland, United Arab Emirates, and a Swiss parliamentarian, Ms. Meier-Schatz

Paragraph 1

Amend to read as follows:

1. We, members of parliament gathering in Quebec City on the occasion of the 127th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, firmly uphold cultural, linguistic, ethnic, racial, **political** and religious diversity as a global value which should be celebrated, respected, encouraged and protected within and among all societies and civilizations.

(Argentina)

Paragraph 4

Amend to read as follows:

4. All individuals must be allowed the full enjoyment of their equal and inalienable rights recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights and humanitarian law treaties and standards. ~~Limitations or restrictions on any of these rights must be necessary, temporary, proportionate and consistent with the protection of other human rights.~~ They should not lead to any discrimination whatsoever based on culture, race, colour, language, ethnicity, religion and sex.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

4. All individuals must be allowed the full enjoyment of their equal and inalienable rights recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights and humanitarian law treaties and standards. Limitations or restrictions on any of these rights must be necessary, temporary, proportionate and consistent with the protection of other human rights. They should not lead to any discrimination whatsoever based on culture, race, colour, language, ethnicity, religion, ~~and~~ sex **and sexual orientation**.

(France)

Amend to read as follows:

4. All individuals must be allowed the full enjoyment of their equal and inalienable rights recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights and humanitarian law treaties and standards. Limitations or restrictions on any of these rights must be necessary, temporary, proportionate and consistent with the protection of other human rights **at the individual and community levels**. They should not lead to any discrimination whatsoever based on culture, race, colour, language, ethnicity, religion and sex.

(Indonesia)

Amend to read as follows:

4. All individuals must be allowed the full enjoyment of their equal and inalienable rights recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights and humanitarian law treaties and standards. Limitations or restrictions on any of these rights must be **consistent with international law** ~~necessary, temporary, proportionate and consistent with the protection of other human rights~~. They should not lead to any discrimination whatsoever based on **grounds such as** culture, race, colour, language, ethnicity, religion and sex.

(Switzerland)

After paragraph 4, add a paragraph to read as follows:

- 4bis. We stress the importance of using modern communication and intercommunication tools to strengthen international cooperation and bring about the convergence of civilizations, bearing in mind that communication and technological diversity must be promoted in view of its positive effects on cultural diversity and the convergence of civilizations globally.**

(United Arab Emirates)

Paragraph 5

Amend to read as follows:

5. States thus have an obligation to respect, protect, fulfil and promote the interconnected civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of all individuals. In order to prevent uniformity, each State **together with civil society** must play its role in developing and implementing cultural policies, including by providing the requisite means and creating an enabling environment.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

5. States thus have an obligation to respect **and ensure to** protect, fulfil and promote the interconnected civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of all individuals **without distinction of any kind, such as that based on race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth, sexual orientation or other status**. In order to prevent uniformity, each State must play its

role in developing and implementing cultural policies, including by providing the requisite means and creating an enabling environment.

(Switzerland)

Paragraph 6

Amend to read as follows:

6. We affirm the importance of balancing respect for diversity with social inclusiveness and cohesion as a means of building trust within and between societies and as a sine qua non for progress, prosperity and a high quality of life. Differences of language, culture, ethnicity, religion, belief, race and colour are evident in many societies, with no single experience common to all others. ~~Within the framework provided by international law and standards, including international human rights and humanitarian law, each society's efforts to guarantee these rights will necessarily reflect its particular historical, political, economic and social circumstances.~~ The variety of experiences with diversity among societies and civilizations makes it possible to have a constructive exchange of best practices and innovative ideas about the promotion of inclusiveness while respecting diversity.

(Switzerland)

Paragraph 8

Amend to read as follows:

8. In a world of deepening global and regional linkages and interdependence, States, civil society, **and** international organizations ~~and local and subnational authorities~~ are increasingly cooperating to mitigate the consequences of economic distress, natural disasters and conflicts, events which we believe should not serve as pretexts for restricting diversity or violating fundamental human rights.

(India)

Paragraph 10

Amend to read as follows:

10. We are concerned and deeply regret that alienation and intolerance, distrust, racism, aggressive nationalism, ethnocentrism and xenophobia against groups and individuals belonging to religious, ethnic, cultural, linguistic, racial and other communities, among other disturbing forms of discrimination and prejudice **such as political or gender fundamentalism**, have persisted,

(Argentina)

Amend paragraph 10 to read as follows:

10. **We are concerned and deeply regret that alienation, austerity, distrust, racism, xenophobia, discrimination and prejudice against groups and individuals belonging to religious, ethnic, cultural, linguistic and racial communities are persisting in other worrying forms of discrimination and austerity, along with antagonism in international relations and variance between civilizations and**

cultures as a result of discrimination, austerity and xenophobia, affecting international peace and security.

(United Arab Emirates)

Add a new paragraph after paragraph 11 to read as follows:

11bis. We stress the importance of adhering to the responsible freedom of expression in that it contributes to the convergence of international and cultural diversity and does not threaten common universal values, in the interest of international peace and security.

(United Arab Emirates)

Paragraph 12

Amend to read as follows:

12. We are equally alarmed by the deterioration of the economic situation in many parts of the world, which threatens the cohesion of many societies by generating forms of exclusion likely to fuel social tensions and manifestations of **racism and** xenophobia.

(Switzerland)

Paragraph 13

Amend to read as follows:

13. We stress that the protection and promotion of the diversity of cultural expressions presuppose the recognition of equal dignity of and respect for all cultures, including the cultures of persons belonging to minorities ~~and indigenous peoples~~.

(India)

Amend to read as follows:

13. We stress that the protection and promotion of the diversity of cultural expressions presuppose the recognition of equal dignity of and respect for all **beliefs and** cultures, including the **beliefs and** cultures of persons belonging to minorities and indigenous peoples.

(Indonesia)

Paragraph 15

Amend to read as follows:

15. We also affirm that gender equality and respect for diversity are fundamentally linked, and we deplore the fact that women belonging to racial, religious, linguistic, cultural and ethnic minorities are particularly vulnerable to political, economic and social alienation and discrimination. Recalling United Nations Security Council resolution 1325, the 1995 Beijing Declaration issued by the Fourth World Conference on Women and the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women we recognize the role that women can play in promoting mutual understanding, tolerance and peaceful relations in diverse societies as equal decision-makers and participants in the political sphere in order to build more stable, inclusive

and equitable societies. We emphasize also that non-discriminatory **and affirmative action** measures, **such as quotas**, are needed not only to pave the way to women's full participation but also to empower them in order to achieve such goals.

(Argentina)

Add a new paragraph 15bis after paragraph 15 to read as follows:

15bis. We emphasize that these non-discriminatory measures should not infringe upon the privacy of communities and cultures or be contrary to the values and standards of indigenous cultures and heavenly religions, further emphasizing that all human beings, regardless of their different cultures, recognize women's rights and hold respect for women in high regard.

(United Arab Emirates)

Add a new paragraph 15ter to read as follows:

15ter. We stress the need for the international community and its institutions to come to the assistance of these communities to promote the values of dialogue, tolerance and co-existence, overcome historically and culturally inherent differences and conflicts, and teach international institutions how best to conduct community dialogue and national reconciliation.

(United Arab Emirates)

Paragraph 16

Amend to read as follows:

16. As parliamentarians, we are mindful that representation in and access to institutions of authority and decision-making positions – both in the public and private spheres – and opportunities for effective political, economic and social participation are important elements of inclusion, tolerance, mutual respect and stability in diverse societies. These are enhanced through respect for and the fulfilment of international human rights obligations and commitments, including:

- holding free and fair elections with universal and equal voting rights for all citizens;
- upholding the rule of law, respecting the equality of all persons before the law and their entitlement to the equal protection of the law;
- ensuring freedom of thought, conscience and religion, freedom of expression, including freedom of the media, and freedom of association, which are necessary to promote an active and engaged civil society and a network of global citizens;
- guaranteeing all persons full respect of their civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights;
- explicitly prohibiting discrimination of any kind, including that based on race, culture, ethnicity, colour, language, religion, belief and **gender sex**; and
- providing a legal framework that enshrines and protects these rights and values.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

16. As parliamentarians, we are mindful that representation in and access to institutions of authority and decision-making positions – both in the public and private spheres – and opportunities for effective political, economic and social participation are important elements of inclusion, tolerance, mutual respect and stability in diverse societies. These are enhanced through respect for and the fulfilment of international human rights obligations and commitments, including:

- holding free and fair elections with universal and equal voting rights for all citizens;
- upholding the rule of law, respecting the equality of all persons before the law and their entitlement to the equal protection of the law;
- ensuring freedom of thought, conscience and religion, freedom of expression, including freedom of the media, and freedom of association, which are necessary to promote an active and engaged civil society and a network of global citizens;
- guaranteeing all persons full respect of their civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights;
- explicitly prohibiting discrimination of any kind, including that based on race, culture, ethnicity, colour, language, religion, belief, ~~and~~ sex **and sexual orientation**; and
- providing a legal framework that enshrines and protects these rights and values.

(France)

Paragraph 17

Amend to read as follows:

17. Intercultural dialogue, as a process that comprises an open and respectful exchange between individuals and groups with different **political**, ethnic, cultural, religious and linguistic backgrounds and heritage, plays an important role in enhancing knowledge and awareness of differences and commonalities among groups, leading to acceptance of diversity as a source of enrichment, tolerance and inclusiveness. In this context, we stress the importance of justice and dialogue in societies emerging from crisis and conflict in order to promote reconciliation and peaceful co-existence.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

17. Intercultural dialogue, as a process that comprises an open and respectful exchange between individuals and groups with different ethnic, cultural, religious and linguistic backgrounds and heritage, plays an important role in enhancing knowledge and awareness of differences and commonalities among groups, leading to acceptance of diversity as a source of enrichment, tolerance and inclusiveness. In this context, we stress the importance of **a State-led process of** justice and dialogue in societies emerging from crisis and conflict in order to promote reconciliation and peaceful co-existence.

(India)

Paragraph 18

Amend to read as follows:

18. Citizenship affords persons opportunities for participating in political and decision-making processes, as well as protection under the law. It is thus instrumental in protecting vulnerable members of diverse societies. It is also an important tool by which disparate elements in a State can share a civic identity that exists simultaneously with, not at the expense of, other identities. ~~Accordingly, statelessness must be prevented and reduced. In particular, solutions for stateless peoples, including persons of indigenous origin and migrant children, need to be found.~~

(India)

Add to the end of paragraph 18 the following sentence:

18. **We support those considerations of national sovereignty and constitutional and legal regulations that help to increase the opportunities available to individuals for participation in the political process.**

(United Arab Emirates)

New paragraph 18bis

Add a new paragraph after paragraph 18

- 18bis. Statelessness must be prevented and reduced with the assistance of international organizations. The concerned State should find solutions for stateless persons as it has the authority to pass laws relating to its nationals and nationality.**

(India)

Paragraph 20

Amend to read as follows:

20. Non-discriminatory access to quality education and training **in accordance with national laws and policies** is necessary to promote knowledge about civic rights and duties and awareness and tolerance of other cultures and civilizations, thereby facilitating political, economic and social participation and inclusiveness of marginalized groups. Youth who might otherwise be susceptible to alienation, radicalization and extremist ideologies benefit particularly from these measures and are more likely to contribute politically, economically and socially to society at large.

(India)

Amend to read as follows:

20. Non-discriminatory access to quality education and training is necessary to promote knowledge about **civil and political** rights and duties and awareness and tolerance of other cultures and civilizations, thereby facilitating political, economic and social participation and inclusiveness of marginalized groups. Youth who might otherwise be susceptible to alienation, radicalization and extremist ideologies benefit particularly

from these measures and are more likely to contribute politically, economically and socially to society at large.

(Switzerland)

Paragraph 21

Amend to read as follows:

21. Natural resources are vital to the prosperity of many societies and civilizations. In countries with a diverse population, the development of these resources must take duly into account the diversity of values, ~~and~~ beliefs **and interests** of all societal groups, in particular those of indigenous peoples and local communities, thus recognizing the importance of natural resources and ancestral lands to their identity. Accordingly, natural resource development must be managed responsibly in order to ensure that the traditions and interests of these groups are preserved for future generations.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

21. Natural resources are vital to the prosperity of many societies and civilizations. In countries with a diverse population, the development of these resources must take duly into account the diversity of values and beliefs of all societal groups, in particular those of indigenous peoples and local communities, thus recognizing the importance of natural resources and ancestral lands to their identity. Accordingly, natural resource development must be managed responsibly **by the State concerned** in order to ensure that the traditions and interests of these groups are preserved for future generations.

(India)

Paragraph 22

Sub-paragraph (a)

Amend to read as follows:

- (a) adopt and implement ~~all~~ international conventions outlining basic human rights, civil, economic and social rights as well as ~~any~~ **applicable** instruments that recognize and promote efforts to maintain cultural differences and provide special rights to ethnic or linguistic minorities, such as promoting their cultures and the use of their languages in education and through the media;

(India)

Sub-paragraph (b)

Amend to read as follows:

- (b) enact legislation and adopt political measures designed to strengthen acceptance of diversity among members of different social communities and to nurture understanding, tolerance, mutual respect and friendship among human beings in their diversity of religion, belief, ethnicity, race, colour, culture, language, **political** and sexual orientation;

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

- (b) enact legislation and adopt political measures designed to strengthen acceptance of diversity among members of different social communities and to nurture understanding, tolerance, mutual respect and friendship among human beings in their diversity of religion, belief, ethnicity, race, colour, culture, language ~~and sexual orientation~~;

(India)

Add the following wording at the end of subparagraph 22(b):

... through the regulatory, sensory and legislative tools that parliaments have, bearing in mind the need for parliaments to implement this legal framework and guarantee it for all individuals, groups and ethnicities on equal terms and also bearing in mind that parliaments should step up the use of the tools they have to hold governments accountable and force them to respect the religious and cultural diversity in their communities and should work closely with civil society organizations in order to ensure the implementation of this legal framework.

(United Arab Emirates)

Sub-paragraph (c)

Amend to read as follows:

- (c) adopt and implement laws, in particular in the area of civil **and political** rights, that provide for and enhance the effective participation of diverse groups in decision-making processes, including in parliament;

(Argentina)

Sub-paragraph (d)

Amend to read as follows:

- (d) prevent, combat and eliminate discrimination on the grounds of **ideology**, culture, religion or belief, ethnicity, race, colour, sex and language; repeal any existing discriminatory laws; and enact legislation to counter the dissemination, in the media and via the Internet, of hate messages based notably on culture, religion or belief, race, colour, language, sex, culture and ethnicity;

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

- (d) prevent, combat and eliminate discrimination on the grounds of culture, religion or belief, ethnicity, race, colour, sex and language; repeal any existing discriminatory laws; and enact legislation to counter the dissemination, in the media and via the Internet, of hate messages based notably on culture, religion or belief, race, colour, language, sex, **sexual orientation**, culture and ethnicity;

(France)

Sub-paragraph (f)

Amend to read as follows:

- (f) promote policies and legislation that favour diversity as a driving force for innovation, prosperity and development at the local and national levels, ~~namely in the workplace and the labour market;~~

(India)

Sub-paragraph (g)

Amend to read as follows:

- (g) promote policies and legislation that protect and guarantee respect for the full and equal enjoyment of fundamental human rights and freedoms by all members of society without distinction based on **political ideas**, religion or belief, culture, ethnicity, language, sex, race and colour;

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

- (g) promote policies and legislation that protect and guarantee respect for the full and equal enjoyment of fundamental human rights and freedoms by all members of society without distinction based on, religion or belief, culture, ethnicity, language, sex, **sexual orientation**, race and colour;

(France)

Sub-paragraphs (h) and (i)

Amend to read as follows:

- (h) **heighten public awareness of the role of parliaments in implementing the 2001 Durban Declaration and Plan of Action and** ensure that the national legal framework provides effective access to legal protection and remedies for individuals experiencing discrimination;
- (i) **ensure access to the judiciary and** strengthen the independence and impartiality of the judiciary, which is entrusted with enforcing and ensuring respect for the legal protections related to non-discrimination; and,

(Ms. Meier-Schatz, Swiss parliamentarian)

Paragraph 23

Amend to read as follows:

- (c) engage and consult with ~~civil society and~~ groups representing cultural, religious, racial, ethnic and linguistic diversity when developing legislation and policies that are of direct concern to them.

(India)

Add a new sub-paragraph (d) as follows:

- (d) **communicate the steps taken to the Inter-Parliamentary Union in order to analyse the efforts undertaken by the national parliaments.**

(Ms. Meier-Schatz, Swiss parliamentarian)

Add a new sub-paragraph (e) under paragraph 23:

- (e) **bestow appropriate honours upon citizens known for defending the rights of individuals and groups to equality and for making major contributions to help overcome ethnic, cultural, racial, missionary and religious differences and for dedicating efforts to enrich cultural and religious diversity in their communities, as these individuals and their organizations are pioneers to be held up as an example to others in order to build a better world.**

(United Arab Emirates)

Paragraph 24

Add a new paragraph 24bis to read as follows:

- 24bis. We emphasize parliaments' contribution to the peaceful co-existence of groups and peoples with indigenous ethnicities, cultures, languages and religion, and to international reconciliation through their diplomacy tools.**

(United Arab Emirates)

Paragraph 25

Amend to read as follows:

25. We recall the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, the UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expression, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, **the Durban Declaration and Plan of Action** and other regional and international instruments that recognize and establish standards for the exercise and enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the civil, economic, political, social and cultural spheres.

(Ms. Meier-Schatz, Swiss parliamentarian)

Paragraph 26

Amend to read as follows:

26. We urge our parliaments to ensure that international and regional agreements that aim to combat incitement to acts of violence, discrimination or hostility by instigating **political**, linguistic, ethnic, cultural, racial or religious hatred, as well as intimidation

and coercion motivated by hatred and intolerance based on **ideology**, culture, religion or belief, language, ethnicity, race, colour and sex, are ratified or signed by those States that have not yet done so, and to monitor their effective implementation.

(Argentina)

Amend to read as follows:

26. We urge our parliaments to ensure that international and regional agreements that aim to combat incitement to acts of violence, discrimination or hostility by instigating linguistic, ethnic, cultural, racial or religious hatred, as well as intimidation and coercion motivated by hatred and intolerance based on culture, religion or belief, language, ethnicity, race, colour, ~~and~~ sex **and sexual orientation**, are ratified or signed by those States that have not yet done so, and to monitor their effective implementation.

(France)

Amend to read as follows:

26. We urge our parliaments to ~~ensure that~~ **encourage the ratification or signature of** international and regional agreements that aim to combat incitement to acts of violence, discrimination or hostility by instigating linguistic, ethnic, cultural, racial or religious hatred, as well as intimidation and coercion motivated by hatred and intolerance based on culture, religion or belief, language, ethnicity, race, colour and sex, ~~are ratified or signed by those States that have not yet done so, and to monitor their effective implementation.~~

(India)

Amend to read as follows:

26. We urge our parliaments to ensure that international and regional agreements that **also aim to prohibit the advocacy of national, racial or religious hatred that constitutes incitement to discrimination, hostility or violence are** ~~combat incitement to acts of violence, discrimination or hostility by instigating linguistic, ethnic, cultural, racial or religious hatred, as well as intimidation and coercion motivated by hatred and intolerance based on culture, religion or belief, language, ethnicity, race, colour and sex, are~~ ratified or signed by those States that have not yet done so, and to monitor their effective implementation. **Such prohibitions must be consistent with the right to freedom of opinion and expression.**

(Switzerland)

Paragraph 31

Amend to read as follows:

31. We call on international and regional organizations, inter-parliamentary associations, States and national parliaments to **consider** developing tools that enable the legislation and protection of the rights of indigenous peoples and minorities. We commend the joint efforts of the Secretariat of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (SPFII), the UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA), the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) and the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) in developing a Handbook on the implementation of

the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. We encourage parliaments and States to consult the Handbook for practical ideas and good practices related to improving the situation of indigenous peoples and parliaments in different regions of the world.

(India)

Paragraph 34

Amend to read as follows:

34. We call on the IPU to ~~enhance~~ **strengthen** its relationship with the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations and strengthen its role in fostering inter-parliamentary exchange of information and experience in respect of the implementation of effective measures concerning the protection of diversity within and across civilizations.

(India)

Paragraph 35

After paragraph 35, add a new paragraph 35bis as follows:

- 35bis. We urge our parliaments to promote the education of children and youth in respect of the diversity and plurality in the society.**

(Ms. Meier-Schatz, Swiss parliamentarian)

Paragraph 37

Add the following wording at the end of paragraph 37 to read as follows:

- 37. ... and propose international parliamentary initiatives in cooperation with the United Nations concerning this Declaration.**

(United Arab Emirates)

TEXT OF DECLARATION

1. We, members of parliament gathering in Quebec City on the occasion of the 127th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, firmly uphold cultural, linguistic, ethnic, racial and religious diversity as a global value which should be celebrated, respected, encouraged and protected within and among all societies and civilizations.
2. We are convinced that a diversity of ideas, values, beliefs, languages and cultural expressions among peoples and civilizations enriches our outlook and experiences at the national, regional and international levels.
3. We affirm our aspiration to attain harmony and unity in our diversity and the reconciliation of human cultures. We believe that a world where people with their differences co-exist is possible, one where there is awareness of differential solidarity and where a dialogue of civilizations is encouraged. Such a world, which depends on our mutual understanding and acceptance, would be a source of progress for humanity and would lead to the well-being of our global society.
4. All individuals must be allowed the full enjoyment of their equal and inalienable rights recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international human rights and humanitarian law treaties and standards. Limitations or restrictions on any of these rights must be necessary, temporary, proportionate and consistent with the protection of other human rights. They should not lead to any discrimination whatsoever based on culture, race, colour, language, ethnicity, religion and sex.
5. States thus have an obligation to respect, protect, fulfil and promote the interconnected civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights of all individuals. In order to prevent uniformity, each State must play its role in developing and implementing cultural policies, including by providing the requisite means and creating an enabling environment.
6. We affirm the importance of balancing respect for diversity with social inclusiveness and cohesion as a means of building trust within and between societies and as a sine qua non for progress, prosperity and a high quality of life. Differences of language, culture, ethnicity, religion, belief, race and colour are evident in many societies, with no single experience common to all others. Within the framework provided by international law and standards, including international human rights and humanitarian law, each society's efforts to guarantee these rights will necessarily reflect its particular historical, political, economic and social circumstances. The variety of experiences with diversity among societies and civilizations makes it possible to have a constructive exchange of best practices and innovative ideas about the promotion of inclusiveness while respecting diversity.
7. The diversity of our societies and civilizations is a prominent feature of our ever more globalized and interconnected world. People and societies are in closer and more frequent contact because of many forces, such as past and recent migration trends, technological advances in communication and transportation and new and more integrated patterns of regional and global trade. These developments have resulted in greater awareness of different ideas and values, as well as in closer ties between various communities and their countries of origin.

8. In a world of deepening global and regional linkages and interdependence, States, civil society, international organizations and local and subnational authorities are increasingly cooperating to mitigate the consequences of economic distress, natural disasters and conflicts, events which we believe should not serve as pretexts for restricting diversity or violating fundamental human rights.
9. Diversity in a globalized world can facilitate the efforts of States and national parliaments to navigate the complexities of the 21st century by offering opportunities to share different perspectives and ideas on common issues. In so doing, we enhance our knowledge and innovation, develop our shared human capital, promote mutual awareness and understanding of differences and commonalities and enable opportunities for peace and prosperity.
10. We are concerned and deeply regret that alienation and intolerance, distrust, racism, aggressive nationalism, ethnocentrism and xenophobia against groups and individuals belonging to religious, ethnic, cultural, linguistic, racial and other communities, among other disturbing forms of discrimination and prejudice, have persisted,
11. We strongly and unequivocally condemn all manifestations of freedom of expression which intimidate, denigrate and incite to hostility, extremism, radicalization, hatred, racism, xenophobia and violence. We reiterate that under no circumstances can the violent reaction to such manifestations be justified. Exchanges, education and dialogue that promote peaceful and lawful expressions of anger over grievances, that build mutual respect, trust and confidence on the basis of shared responsibility and international law and standards, and that contribute to peace and security should be encouraged and sustained.
12. We are equally alarmed by the deterioration of the economic situation in many parts of the world, which threatens the cohesion of many societies by generating forms of exclusion likely to fuel social tensions and manifestations of xenophobia.
13. We stress that the protection and promotion of the diversity of cultural expressions presuppose the recognition of equal dignity of and respect for all cultures, including the cultures of persons belonging to minorities and indigenous peoples.
14. We affirm that indigenous peoples are full-fledged and equal members of our societies. We are deeply concerned that indigenous peoples, especially indigenous women, are particularly susceptible to political, economic and social marginalization, intolerance, and prejudice, which undermine their representation and participation in decisions affecting their well-being, advancement and contributions to society.
15. We also affirm that gender equality and respect for diversity are fundamentally linked, and we deplore the fact that women belonging to racial, religious, linguistic, cultural and ethnic minorities are particularly vulnerable to political, economic and social alienation and discrimination. Recalling United Nations Security Council resolution 1325, the 1995 Beijing Declaration issued by the Fourth World Conference on Women and the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women we recognize the role that women can play in promoting mutual understanding, tolerance and peaceful relations in diverse societies as equal decision-makers and participants in the political sphere in order to build more stable, inclusive and equitable societies. We

emphasize also that non-discriminatory measures are needed not only to pave the way to women's full participation but also to empower them in order to achieve such goals.

16. As parliamentarians, we are mindful that representation in and access to institutions of authority and decision-making positions – both in the public and private spheres - and opportunities for effective political, economic and social participation are important elements of inclusion, tolerance, mutual respect and stability in diverse societies. These are enhanced through respect for and the fulfilment of international human rights obligations and commitments, including:
 - holding free and fair elections with universal and equal voting rights for all citizens;
 - upholding the rule of law, respecting the equality of all persons before the law and their entitlement to the equal protection of the law;
 - ensuring freedom of thought, conscience and religion, freedom of expression, including freedom of the media, and freedom of association, which are necessary to promote an active and engaged civil society and a network of global citizens;
 - guaranteeing all persons full respect of their civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights;
 - explicitly prohibiting discrimination of any kind, including that based on race, culture, ethnicity, colour, language, religion, belief and sex; and
 - providing a legal framework that enshrines and protects these rights and values.
17. Intercultural dialogue, as a process that comprises an open and respectful exchange between individuals and groups with different ethnic, cultural, religious and linguistic backgrounds and heritage, plays an important role in enhancing knowledge and awareness of differences and commonalities among groups, leading to acceptance of diversity as a source of enrichment, tolerance and inclusiveness. In this context, we stress the importance of justice and dialogue in societies emerging from crisis and conflict in order to promote reconciliation and peaceful co-existence.
18. Citizenship affords persons opportunities for participating in political and decision-making processes, as well as protection under the law. It is thus instrumental in protecting vulnerable members of diverse societies. It is also an important tool by which disparate elements in a State can share a civic identity that exists simultaneously with, not at the expense of, other identities. Accordingly, statelessness must be prevented and reduced. In particular, solutions for stateless peoples, including persons of indigenous origin and migrant children, need to be found.
19. Interactions with the executive, legislative and judicial branches of government are vital to fostering inclusion, representation and participation of members of diversity groups. In this context, legislation and policies governing the language(s) of such interactions can contribute to respect for diversity. Accessible and effective development and training in official language(s) will also be beneficial. Moreover, persons belonging to linguistic minorities should not be denied the right to use their own language or to access minority language education.
20. Non-discriminatory access to quality education and training is necessary to promote knowledge about civic rights and duties and awareness and tolerance of other cultures and civilizations, thereby facilitating political, economic and social participation and inclusiveness of marginalized groups. Youth who might otherwise be susceptible to alienation, radicalization and extremist ideologies benefit particularly from these

measures and are more likely to contribute politically, economically and socially to society at large.

21. Natural resources are vital to the prosperity of many societies and civilizations. In countries with a diverse population, the development of these resources must take duly into account the diversity of values and beliefs of all societal groups, in particular those of indigenous peoples and local communities, thus recognizing the importance of natural resources and ancestral lands to their identity. Accordingly, natural resource development must be managed responsibly in order to ensure that the traditions and interests of these groups are preserved for future generations.

The role of parliaments in protecting diversity at the national level

22. We call on our parliaments and their members to use all means available to them to protect and celebrate diversity within and among their societies as a global value. These means include, but are not limited to, effective measures to:
 - (a) adopt and implement all international conventions outlining basic human rights, civil, economic and social rights as well as any instruments that recognize and promote efforts to maintain cultural differences and provide special rights to ethnic or linguistic minorities, such as promoting their cultures and the use of their languages in education and through the media;
 - (b) enact legislation and adopt political measures designed to strengthen acceptance of diversity among members of different social communities and to nurture understanding, tolerance, mutual respect and friendship among human beings in their diversity of religion, belief, ethnicity, race, colour, culture, language and sexual orientation;
 - (c) adopt and implement laws, in particular in the area of civil rights, that provide for and enhance the effective participation of diverse groups in decision-making processes, including in parliament;
 - (d) prevent, combat and eliminate discrimination on the grounds of culture, religion or belief, ethnicity, race, colour, sex and language; repeal any existing discriminatory laws; and enact legislation to counter the dissemination, in the media and via the Internet, of hate messages based notably on culture, religion or belief, race, colour, language, sex, culture and ethnicity;
 - (e) heighten public awareness of the role of parliaments in dealing with cultural diversity governance at the national level, notably by celebrating the UN International Day for Diversity (21 May), participating in the UN World Faith Harmony Week (first week of February) or participating in the global campaign "Do one thing for Diversity;"
 - (f) promote policies and legislation that favour diversity as a driving force for innovation, prosperity and development at the local and national levels, namely in the workplace and the labour market;
 - (g) promote policies and legislation that protect and guarantee respect for the full and equal enjoyment of fundamental human rights and freedoms by all members of society without distinction based on religion or belief, culture, ethnicity, language, sex, race and colour;
 - (h) ensure that the national legal framework provides effective access to legal protection and remedies for individuals experiencing discrimination;
 - (i) strengthen the independence and impartiality of the judiciary, which is entrusted with enforcing and ensuring respect for the legal protections related to non-discrimination; and,
 - (j) mainstream a gender perspective into all of the above-mentioned measures and, in particular, strengthen the representation of women in parliament.

23. We also call on our parliaments to take effective action in the area of intercultural dialogue, namely to:
- (a) establish and support intercultural dialogue and cooperation involving governments, parliaments and parliamentarians, civil society and groups representing society's cultural, religious, racial, ethnic and linguistic diversity to increase awareness of the new challenges, expectations and concerns of a culturally diverse population, notably by organizing annual public hearings to encourage active public participation;
 - (b) adopt and implement national legislation, policies or strategies for intercultural dialogue as part of a framework that integrates different policy fields, namely: education, youth and sports programmes and media and culture, which inter alia provide the basis for understanding and respecting diversity, facilitate practical experience with intercultural dialogue, connect different value systems and challenge established views; and
 - (c) engage and consult with civil society and groups representing cultural, religious, racial, ethnic and linguistic diversity when developing legislation and policies that are of direct concern to them.

The role of parliaments in international efforts to protect diversity

24. We emphasize the contribution of parliaments to the peaceful co-existence of ethnic, cultural, racial, linguistic and religious groups, minorities, local communities and indigenous peoples and to international reconciliation.
25. We recall the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, the UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expression, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, and other regional and international instruments that recognize and establish standards for the exercise and enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the civil, economic, political, social and cultural spheres.
26. We urge our parliaments to ensure that international and regional agreements that aim to combat incitement to acts of violence, discrimination or hostility by instigating linguistic, ethnic, cultural, racial or religious hatred, as well as intimidation and coercion motivated by hatred and intolerance based on culture, religion or belief, language, ethnicity, race, colour and sex, are ratified or signed by those States that have not yet done so, and to monitor their effective implementation.
27. We support the efforts of States, relevant bodies within the United Nations system, other intergovernmental organizations, parliaments and inter-parliamentary organizations, civil society, and the media to develop a culture of peace and promote understanding and tolerance among human beings in their diversity of culture, race, religion, belief, ethnicity and language. We encourage them to pursue such efforts, including by promoting interfaith and intercultural interaction within and among societies inter alia through congresses, conferences, seminars, workshops, research work and related processes.

28. We reiterate our commitment to the 2005 United Nations World Summit Outcome, which acknowledges the importance of respect and understanding of religious and cultural diversity throughout the world. We commend the work of the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations in improving understanding and cooperative relations among nations and peoples across cultures and religions, and helping to counter the forces that fuel polarization and extremism.
29. We reaffirm our support for the UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions, which entered into force 18 March 2007, and invite national parliaments and parliamentarians to take an active part in the programmes of the United Nations and UNESCO on dialogue among civilizations and cultures and to encourage their governments to contribute to such programmes.
30. We recall the United Nations General Assembly proclamation of 2010 as the International Year for the Rapprochement of Cultures and consider it an important vehicle for promoting mutual awareness and understanding and celebrating the diversity of societies and civilizations.
31. We call on international and regional organizations, inter-parliamentary associations, States and national parliaments to develop tools that enable the legislation and protection of the rights of indigenous peoples and minorities. We commend the joint efforts of the Secretariat of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (SPFII), the UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA), the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) and the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) in developing a Handbook on the implementation of the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. We encourage parliaments and States to consult the Handbook for practical ideas and good practices related to improving the situation of indigenous peoples and parliaments in different regions of the world.
32. We reaffirm the significant role of the IPU in working towards peace and cooperation among peoples, enhancing interaction between societies and peoples and promoting dialogue among different civilizations and cultures.
33. We recall our commitments as affirmed in the following resolutions: Migration and development, adopted at the 113th IPU Assembly (Geneva, 2005), Ensuring respect for and peaceful co-existence between all religious communities and beliefs in a globalized world, adopted at the 116th IPU Assembly (Nusa Dua, 2007), Promoting diversity and equal rights for all through universal democratic and electoral standards, adopted at the 116th IPU Assembly (Nusa Dua, 2007), Migrant workers, people trafficking, xenophobia and human rights, adopted at the 118th IPU Assembly (Cape Town, 2008) and the Chiapas Declaration, adopted at the International Parliamentary Conference on Parliaments, minorities and indigenous peoples: Effective participation in politics (Chiapas, 2010).
34. We call on the IPU to enhance its relationship with the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations and strengthen its role in fostering inter-parliamentary exchange of information and experience in respect of the implementation of effective measures concerning the protection of diversity within and across civilizations.

35. We also call on the IPU and the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations, as well as any other relevant partners, to consider opportunities for sharing information on national approaches, policies and strategies on intercultural dialogue and national legal frameworks upon which intercultural dialogue and cooperation depend.
36. We urge our parliaments and parliamentarians to strengthen parliamentary dialogue among civilizations and cultures, within the framework of the IPU and the various inter-parliamentary assemblies they participate in, and through bilateral initiatives such as the establishment of inter-parliamentary friendship groups.
37. We recommend that the IPU and national parliaments, the United Nations, UNESCO and other relevant organizations, collaborate to implement the provisions of this declaration.